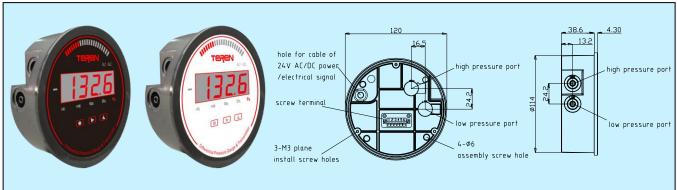
## DPGT Multifunctional Digital Differential Pressure Transmitter Operation Manual



## **Applications & Features**

- Apply high accuracy MEMS sensor and digital technologies, can measure positive, negative or differential pressure
- It combines the gauge, two relays and transmitter in one unit, can supply measurement, digital display, on/off control and transmitter output simultaneously
- It can measure and control system pressure of fan, blower, filter, furnace draft and orifice plate and can apply to various clean room, biological safety cabinet, clean bench, ducts collection, medical or pharmaceutical machine, etc.
- Suitable for surface, panel or flush mount
- Multiple ranges, outputs and engineering units selectable
- No any movable parts, no any effect on vibration
- The accuracy is up to ±1%
- Function keys: zero/range calibrate, units select, relay set, output calibrate, etc.
- Optional arch LED displayfor output and alarm

## **Specifications**

Medium: non-combustible, non-corrosive air, not sensitive to moisture, dust, condensation and oil
Medium Temp.: 0-60°C
Materials: cast aluminum housing and PC plate
Work Environment: -20~70°C
Compensated Temp.: 0-50°C
Work pressure: 1, 2, 5 or 10kPa for different ranges overload 5xFS, burst 10xFS
Dimension: see diagram

Connection: 1/8" ID tubing, two pairs (on left side and back) Display: 4 bits 0.8" red LED Output: 0-10V & 4-20mA (3 wires), RS485/Modbus

**Output:**  $0-10^{\circ} \& 4-20^{\circ} \text{MA}(3 \text{ wires}), \text{RS485/Wodbus}$ **Output Load:**  $\leq 500\Omega$  (current),  $\geq 2k\Omega$  (voltage) Digital output: RS485-Modbus RTU (9600-n-8-1) Relay output: 2×SPST, 3Ax30VDC/250VAC or 1×Buzzer Electrical wiring: cable or screw terminals Accuracy: ±1.0%FS(±2.0%FS@25Pa range) Long term stability: ±0.5%FS/Year Thermal effect: <0.05%FS/°C(Zero),<0.08%FS/°C(FS) Response time: 0.5-30s Power: 16-28V AC or 16-35V DC Key: 3 touch buttons Protection: IP65 Weight: 340g Approval: CE Accessory: A-S0 is standard including 2m/5mm ID tube, 3 pairs of screws and brackets. Ontions are A-S1. A-S2 and

# Accessory. Also is standard including 20050000 are A-S1, A-S2 and A-S7-X. They can be used for surface, panel or flush mount and should be ordered separately. See details in Accessories.

## Models

DPGT					DPGT transmitter
	Х				Range selection
		0			N/A
		1			Arch LED
			0		N/A
			1		2×SPST
			2		1×Buzzer
				0	0-10V&4-20mA
				1	RS485/Modbus
	DPGT	DPGT X	DPGT X 0 1	X 0 1 0 1	X 0 1 0 1 1

The standard electrical connection is cable from the back of the endosure. If select screw terminals instead, add suffix -T after the model number. The standard model of the front panel is matte black. If choose matte whit e, add the suffix -W after the model number.

## **Measuring Ranges**

0	UNIT & Range & Display Resolution										
Code	Ра	Pa	kPa	in w.c.	mm w.c.	mbar					
0	0-25	25.00	0.025	0.100	2.500	0.250					
1	0-60	60.00	0.060	0.250	6.000	0.600					
2	0-125	125.0	0.125	0.500	12.00	1.250					
3	0-250	250.0	0.250	1.000	25.00	2.500					
4	0-500	500.0	0.500	2.000	50.00	5.000					
5	0-1000	1000	1.000	4.000	100.0	10.00					
6	0-2500	2500	2.500	10.00	250.0	25.00					
7	0-5000	5000	5.000	20.00	500.0	50.00					
8	0-10000	10000	10.000	40.00	1000.0	100.00					

1.5 engineering units can be set by the key and then the related LED will be on.

2. For zero center models, add "Z" at the end of the model. For example, DPGT1\*\*\*Z, means -30-0-30Pa. Only ranges 1~6 have this selection.

#### Connection

Different models have different electrical connections. Refer to the table as below (x means for any models).



Models	Eight Cores Cable								
DPGTXX00	Cable Color	Red	Black	Yellow	White				
DFGTANU	Electrical Signal	+24V	GND	0-10V	4-20mA				
DPGTXX10	Cable Color	Red	Black	Yellow	White	Green	Brown	Blue	Orange
DFGIANU	Electrical Signal	+24V	GND	0-10V	4-20mA	NO2	COM2	NO1	COM1
DPGTXX01	Cable Color	Red	Black	Yellow	White				
DFGIANOI	Electrical Signal	+24V	GND	A+	B-				
DPGTXX11	Cable Color	Red	Black	Yellow	White	Green	Brown	Blue	Orange
BIGIMI	Electrical Signal	+24V	GND	A+	B-	NO2	COM2	NO1	COM1

#### **Operation Instruction**

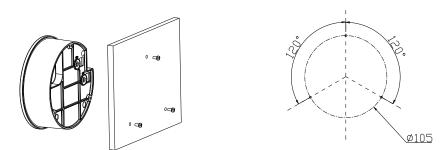
Refer to DPGT Multi-function Digital Differential Pressure Transmitter - Operation Instruction.

#### Modbus Set

If choose RS485/Modbus, user can use it to do all operation. Refer to the DPGT Multi-function Digital Differential Pressure Transmitter RS485/Modbus Communication Data Table.

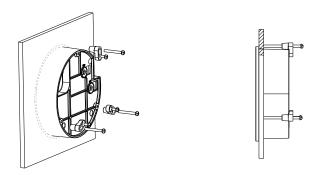
#### Installation and Accessories

It can be installed by surface or embedded mount and connected high/low pressures with accessories. **Surface mount** 



When surface mounted, drill 3 holes at each 120 degree on the circle with 105mm diameter, each hole is 3~3.2mm (shown as above). Then install the product by using 3 screws M3 X8, and connect the tube (be careful of the high/low ports). Be sure to seal another pairs of the pressure ports.

#### Embedded mount



When embedded mounted, drill a hole with 114.3~114.8mm diameter, embed the transmitter body into the hole. Install the supplied accessories on the back side, fix 3 screws M3.5X50 as shown and connect with tube(be careful of the high/low ports).

#### Zero reset & Calibration

According to different environment and sensor's characteristics, after long period of using, the sensor's accuracy may reduce. The transmitter should be zero reset after initial installed to meet the specified accuracy, and be zero reset periodically in every 6-12 months' using, or when the accuracy reduces. it is recommended to be zero reset after 7 days continuous using.

Zero reset: keep the high/low pressure ports unconnected in stable air, or directly connect the two, press the button **b** for 5s to reset the actual "zero point". It means "remove the zero drift of the transmitter in order to improve the accuracy". It is recommended that this operation could be done periodically.

Note: it should be clear that the "zero point" of the input differential pressure is different from the "zero output position" of the transmitter. "zero point" means the point that the input differential pressure is 0, and "zero output position" means the low limit value of the measuring range.

Initial zero reset: when initial power on, it should be zero reset after fully warm-up and stable, to meet the specified accuracy. Long term zero drift & reset: It may have long term zero drift after continuous working; customers can reset it periodically. Re-calibration & zero reset: when re-calibration needed, zero reset should be done first. A qualified standard manometer is needed for re-calibration operation. Please follow the operation procedures below.

#### Attention

It should be power OFF during installing and wiring. When using 24VAC, it is strongly recommended to power the unit with independent transformer. If sharing a 24VAC transformer with other equipments such as controllers, transmitters or actuators, please make sure the terminals 24V and GND are connected correctly. Otherwise, it may reduce serious damages.

#### Warranty

- It has limited warranty for eighteen (18) months after the production date.
- It does not extend to any unit that has been subjected to misuse or accident.
- It is, in any event, strictly limited to the replacement or repair of the product itself.

#### **DPGT Multi-function Digital Differential Pressure Transmitter - Operation Instruction**

#### **Button definition:**



Set/Save Bit Select/decrease Adjust/increase

**Zero reset:** keep the high/low pressure ports unconnected in stable air, or directly connect the two, press the button > 5s to reset the actual "zero point". It means "remove the zero drift of the transmitter in order to improve the accuracy". It is recommended that this operation could be done periodically.

Note: it should be clear that the "zero point" of the input differential pressure is different from the "zero output position" of the transmitter. "Zero point" means the point that the input differential pressure is 0, and "zero output position" means the relevant input differential pressure value when the calibrated transmitter's output is 0V or 4mA.

#### **Operation instruction:**

#### 1."P810": Reset

User can resume the factory default set. Input "P810", "PRET" will flash, press button ●, all factory default set will restore. 2. "P075": Set the smoothing time (Default set: 0.7s, available range: 0.5-30.0s)

 $\bullet \rightarrow \blacktriangleright / \land \rightarrow P075 \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \blacktriangleright / \land \rightarrow XXX \rightarrow \bullet finish. (XXX means set time)$ 

#### 3. "P083": Check LED display function, it will display the 4 digits one by one.

●→▶/▲→P083→●finish

4."P081": Set Engineering Unit (Default set: 1, for engineering unit Pa, available ranges: 1-5)

•→  $\blacktriangleright/$  →  $\rightarrow$  >081 → • →  $\blacktriangleright/$  ▲ → XXX → •finish (XXX means the code of engineering unit), then the relevant LED on. (Index: 1: Pa; 2: kPa; 3: mbar; 4: mmW.C.; 5: inW.C.)

5."P485": Set RS485 address(Default set: 1, available ranges 1~255, but recommend 1~32)  $\bullet \rightarrow \blacktriangleright / \blacktriangle \rightarrow P485 \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \blacktriangleright / \blacktriangle \rightarrow XXX \rightarrow \bullet finish (XXX means RS485 address)$ 

Note: Refer to the communication data table

#### 6."P401":Buzzer/ Relay 1 Set (default set: 0, 50, 5, 0, 1)

Mode	Description	Para. #1	Para. #2	Para. #3	Para. #4	Definition
0	Cancel relay alarm function	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Relay OFF
1	Relay actuate when input is lower than setpoint	Setpoint	Deadband	Actuate delay	Restore delay	Relay ON Deadband Relay OFF

2	Relay actuate when input is higher than setpoint	Setpoint	Deadband	Actuate delay	Restore delay	Relay OFF Deadband Relay ON
3	Relay actuate between high and low limits	Lowlimit	High limit	Actuate delay	Restore delay	Relay OFF Low limit High limit
4	Relay actuate outside high and low limits	Lowlimit	High limit	Actuate delay	Restore delay	Relay ON Relay OFF Relay ON Low limit High limit

Available actuate or restore delay: 0~100 seconds.

When negative parameters needed, should set any of the LEDs last 3 bits not to be zero, then press  $\blacktriangleright$  to make the first (thousand) bitflash, then use  $\blacktriangle$  to set  $0 \sim 9 \sim 0 \sim -9$  in cycle.

#### Relay pause hot key: in normal status press ▲ over 2 seconds, Alarm will pause actuate delay times. 7."P402": Relay 2 Set (default set: 0, 50, 5, 0, 1)

#### Calibration by user:

Even though the product can be re-calibrated by user, it should be operated very carefully. The calibration is already finished in factory. It may be out of accuracy or even damaged after un-properly re-calibrated.

There are 2 sets of parameters can be re-calibrated by user. Current outputs at both zero (4mA) and full range (20mA) and voltage outputs at both zero(0V) and full range(10V). The calibration of analog output (4-20mA/0-10V) are independent. All calibrated data will be stored and kept in the flash memory even power supply is fail. But the factory default sets are always kept and can be restored any time.

There are need 2 conditions/tools for re-calibrating, a stable power supply and an accurate multi-meter (voltmeter or ammeter). Make sure to connect the calibrated transmitter with all meters properly and operate relevant calibrations as required.

#### 8. "P271": Re-calibrate analog voltage output, include zero and full range

•→  $\blacktriangleright/$   $\land$  → P271  $\rightarrow$  • →  $\blacktriangleright/$   $\land$  → key  $\rightarrow$  • →  $\blacktriangleright/$   $\land$  → Wait jump  $\rightarrow$   $\blacktriangleright/$   $\land$  → • finish. "Key" is calibration password: 1021.

Calibration method: Enter P271 and password, connect the transmitter with standard voltmeter. At this time the LED will display present full range value and last 25s. During this period, press  $\blacktriangleright/\blacktriangle$  to make the voltage output become 10V. When the LED displays present zero input value (it will last 25s), press  $\blacktriangleright/\blacktriangle$  to make the output become 0V, then press • to finish.

## 9. "P281": Re-calibrate analog current output, include zero and full range

•→ $\blacktriangleright/$  ▲→P281→•→ $\blacktriangleright/$  ▲→key→•→ $\blacktriangleright/$  ▲→Wait jump→ $\blacktriangleright/$  ▲→•finish. "Key" is calibration password: 1021.

Calibration method: Enter P281 and password, connect the transmitter with standard ammeter. At this time, the LED will display present full range value and last 25s. During this period, press  $\blacktriangleright/\blacktriangle$  to make the current output become 20mA. When the LED displays present zero input value (it will last 25s), press  $\blacktriangleright/\blacktriangle$  to make the output become 4mA, then press • to finish.

#### System Error signal:

- Err 1 Keys input operation code is wrong
- Err 2 Input data is not available
- Err 3 Modbus attempt to write read only register error
- Err 4 Modbus CRC check error
- Err 6 Password Key input error



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